Power Maths calculation policy





Power Maths calculation policy, LOWER KS2



KEY STAGE 2

In Years 3 and 4, children develop the basis of written methods by building their skills alongside a deep understanding of place value. They should use known addition/subtraction and multiplication/division facts to calculate efficiently and accurately, rather than relying on counting. Children use place value equipment to support their understanding, but not as a substitute for thinking.

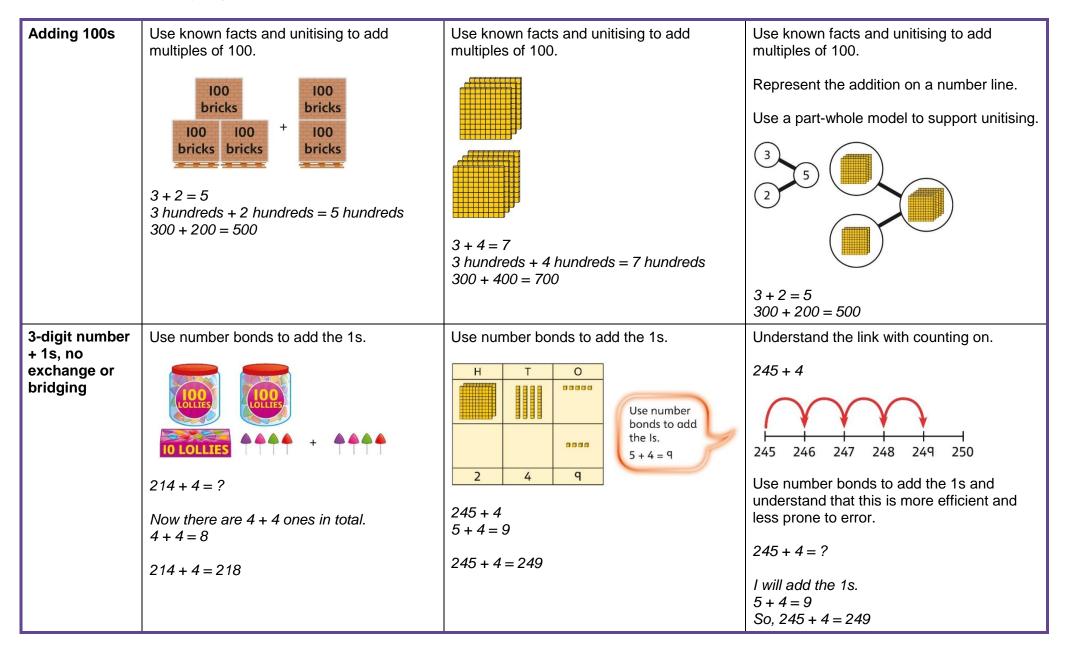
Key language: partition, place value, tens, hundreds, thousands, column method, whole, part, equal groups, sharing, grouping, bar model

Addition and subtraction: In Year 3 especially, Multiplication and division: Children build a Fractions: Children develop the key concept of the column methods are built up gradually. solid grounding in times-tables, understanding the equivalent fractions, and link this with multiplying Children will develop their understanding of how and dividing the numerators and denominators, as multiplication and division facts in tandem. As each stage of the calculation, including any such, they should be as confident knowing that 35 well as exploring the visual concept through exchanges, relates to place value. The example divided by 7 is 5 as knowing that 5 times 7 is 35. fractions of shapes. Children learn how to find a calculations chosen to introduce the stages of Children develop key skills to support fraction of an amount, and develop this with the each method may often be more suited to a multiplication methods: unitising, commutativity, aid of a bar model and other representations mental method. However, the examples and the and how to use partitioning effectively. alongside. progression of the steps have been chosen to Unitising allows children to use known facts to in Year 3, children develop an understanding of help children develop their fluency in the process, multiply and divide multiples of 10 and 100 how to add and subtract fractions with the same alongside a deep understanding of the concepts efficiently. Commutativity gives children flexibility denominator and find complements to the whole. and the numbers involved, so that they can apply in applying known facts to calculations and This is developed alongside an understanding of these skills accurately and efficiently to later problem solving. An understanding of partitioning fractions as numbers, including fractions greater calculations. The class should be encouraged to allows children to extend their skills to multiplying than 1. In Year 4, children begin to work with compare mental and written methods for specific and dividing 2- and 3-digit numbers by a single fractions greater than 1. calculations, and children should be encouraged Decimals are introduced, as tenths in Year 3 and diait. at every stage to make choices about which Children develop column methods to support then as hundredths in Year 4. Children develop an methods to apply. multiplications in these cases. understanding of decimals in terms of the For successful division, children will need to make In Year 4, the steps are shown without such fine relationship with fractions, with dividing by 10 and detail, although children should continue to build choices about how to partition. For example, to 100, and also with place value. their understanding with a secure basis in place divide 423 by 3, it is effective to partition 423 into value. In subtraction, children will need to develop 300, 120 and 3, as these can be divided by 3 their understanding of exchange as they may using known facts. need to exchange across one or two columns. Children will also need to understand the concept By the end of Year 4, children should have of remainder, in terms of a given calculation and developed fluency in column methods alongside a in terms of the context of the problem. deep understanding, which will allow them to progress confidently in upper Key Stage 2.



| | Year 3 | | | |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract | |
| Year 3 Addition | | | | |
| Understanding 100s | Understand the cardinality of 100, and the link with 10 tens. Use cubes to place into groups of 10 tens. | Unitise 100 and count in steps of 100. | Represent steps of 100 on a number line and a number track and count up to 1,000 and back to 0. | |
| Understanding place value to 1,000 | Unitise 100s, 10s and 1s to build 3-digit numbers. | Use equipment to represent numbers to 1,000. | Represent the parts of numbers to 1,000 using a part-whole model. 215 = 200 + 10 + 5 Recognise numbers to 1,000 represented on a number line, including those between intervals. | |







| 3-digit number | Understand that when the 1s sum to 10 or | Exchange 10 ones for 1 ten where needed. | Understand how to bridge by partitioning to the 1s to make the next 10. |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| + 1s with | more, this requires an exchange of 10 ones | Use a place value grid to support the | |
| exchange | for 1 ten. | understanding. | |
| | Children should explore this using unitised objects or physical apparatus. | $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ | 7 (5) (2) (135) (140) (142) 135 + 7 = ? 135 + 5 + 2 = 142 Ensure that children understand how to add 1s bridging a 100. 198 + 5 = ? 198 + 2 + 3 = 203 |



| 3-digit number + 10s, no exchange | Calculate mentally by forming the number bond for the 10s. | Calculate mentally by forming the number bond for the 10s. | Calculate mentally by forming the number bond for the 10s. |
|-------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 234 + 50 There are 3 tens and 5 tens altogether. $3 + 5 = 8$ In total there are 8 tens. $234 + 50 = 284$ | 351 + 30 = ? $1 + 1 + 30 = ?$ $1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +$ | 753 + 40 I know that 5 + 4 = 9 So, 50 + 40 = 90 753 + 40 = 793 |
| 3-digit number + 10s, with exchange | Understand the exchange of 10 tens for 1 hundred. | Add by exchanging 10 tens for 1 hundred. 184 + 20 = ? H T O H T O 184 + 20 = 204 184 + 20 = 204 | Understand how the addition relates to counting on in 10s across 100. 184 + 20 = ? <i>I can count in 10s 194 204</i> 184 + 20 = 204 Use number bonds within 20 to support efficient mental calculations. 385 + 50 There are 8 tens and 5 tens. That is 13 tens. 385 + 50 = 300 + 130 + 5 385 + 50 = 435 |

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| 3-digit number + 2-digit number | Use place value equipment to make and combine groups to model addition. | Use a place value grid to organise thinking and adding of 1s, then 10s. | Use the vertical column method to represent the addition. Children must understand how this relates to place value at each stage of the calculation. |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------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| 3-digit number + 2-digit number, exchange required | Use place value equipment to model addition and understand where exchange is required. Use place value counters to represent 154 + 72. Use this to decide if any exchange is required. There are 5 tens and 7 tens. That is 12 tens so I will exchange. | Represent the required exchange on a place value grid using equipment. 275 + 16 = ? \overrightarrow{H} \overrightarrow{T} $\overrightarrow{0}$ \overrightarrow{H} $\overrightarrow{1}$ $\overrightarrow{0}$ $\overrightarrow{1}$ $\overrightarrow{1}$ \overrightarrow | Use a column method with exchange. Children must understand how the method relates to place value at each stage of the calculation. $\frac{H T O}{2 7 5} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{2 9 1} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{2 9 1} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{2 9 1} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} + \frac{1 6}{2 9 1} + \frac{1 6}{1 6} $ |

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| 3-digit number + 3-digit number, no exchange | Use place value equipment to make a representation of a calculation. This may or may not be structured in a place value grid. 326 + 541 is represented as: | Represent the place value grid with equipment to model the stages of column addition. | Use a column method to solve efficiently, using known bonds. Children must understand how this relates to place value at every stage of the calculation. |
|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 326 541 | | |
| 3-digit number + 3-digit number, | Use place value equipment to enact the exchange required. | Model the stages of column addition using place value equipment on a place value grid. | Use column addition, ensuring understanding of place value at every stage of the calculation. |
| exchange required | | | $ \begin{array}{c} H & T & O \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 6 \\ + & 2 & 1 & 7 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} $ |
| | There are 13 ones. I will exchange 10 ones for 1 ten. | | $ \begin{array}{c} H & T & O \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 6 \\ + & 2 & 1 & 7 \\ \hline 4 & 3 \\ \hline \end{array} $ |
| | | | $ \begin{array}{c} H & T & O \\ \hline 1 & 2 & 6 \\ + & 2 & 1 & 7 \\ \hline 3 & 4 & 3 \\ \end{array} $ |
| | | | 126 + 217 = 343 Note: Children should also study examples where exchange is required in more than one column, for example $185 + 318 = ?$ |



| Representing addition problems, and selecting appropriate methods | Encourage children to use their own drawings and choices of place value equipment to represent problems with one or more steps. These representations will help them to select appropriate methods. | Children understand and create bar models to represent addition problems. 275 + 99 = ? 374 275 = 99 = 374 275 + 99 = 374 | Use representations to support choices of appropriate methods. 275 qq <i>I will add 100, then subtract 1 to find the solution.</i> 128 + 105 + 83 = ? <i>I need to add three numbers.</i> 128 + 105 = 233 233 128 + 105 = 83 316 316 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year 3 Subtraction | | | 233 83 |
| Subtracting 100s | Use known facts and unitising to subtract multiples of 100. 100 bricks bricks bricks bricks 5 - 2 = 3 500 - 200 = 300 | Use known facts and unitising to subtract multiples of 100. 4 - 2 = 2 $400 - 200 = 200$ | Understand the link with counting back in 100s. 100 100 200 300 400 $500400 - 200 = 200Use known facts and unitising as efficientand accurate methods.I know that 7 - 4 = 3. Therefore, I know that700 - 400 = 300$. |



| 3-digit number − 1s, no exchange | Use number bonds to subtract the 1s. Use number bonds to subtract the 1s. 214 - 3 = ? 4 - 3 = 1 214 - 3 = 211 | Use number bonds to subtract the 1s. $ \begin{array}{c c} H & T & O \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 1 & q \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} H & T & O \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 1 & q \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} H & T & O \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 1 & q \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c c} 9 - 4 = 5 \\ 319 - 4 = 315 \end{array} $ | Understand the link with counting back using a number line. Use known number bonds to calculate mentally. 476 - 4 = ? 476 - 4 = ? 476 - 4 = 2 476 - 4 = 472 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3-digit number – 1s, exchange or bridging required | Understand why an exchange is necessary by exploring why 1 ten must be exchanged. Use place value equipment. | Represent the required exchange on a place value grid. 151 - 6 = ? H T O H T O H T O H T O N N N N | Calculate mentally by using known bonds. 151 - 6 = ? 151 - 1 - 5 = 145 |

| 3-digit number − 10s, no exchange | Subtract the 10s using known bonds. 381 - 10 = ? | Subtract the 10s using known bonds. $\begin{array}{c c} H & T & O \\ \hline 0 & \hline $ | Use known bonds to subtract the 10s mentally. 372 - 50 = ? 70 - 50 = 20 So, 372 - 50 = 322 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 8 tens with 1 removed is 7 tens. 381 - 10 = 371 | | |
| 3-digit number − 10s, exchange or bridging required | Use equipment to understand the exchange of 1 hundred for 10 tens. | Represent the exchange on a place value grid using equipment. 210 - 20 = ? H T O I need to exchange 1 hundred for 10 tens, to help subtract 2 tens. H T O I O I O I D I D I | Understand the link with counting back on a number line. Use flexible partitioning to support the calculation. 235 - 60 = ? 235 - 60 = ? 235 = 100 + 130 + 5 235 - 60 = 100 + 70 + 5 = 175 |



| 3-digit number − up to 3-digit number | Use place value equipment to explore the effect of splitting a whole into two parts, and understand the link with taking away. | Represent the calculation on a place value grid. | Use column subtraction to calculate accurately and efficiently. $\frac{H T O}{q q q}$ $-\frac{3 5 2}{7}$ $\frac{H T O}{q q q}$ $-\frac{3 5 2}{4 7}$ $\frac{H T O}{q q q}$ $-\frac{3 5 2}{6 4 7}$ |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 3-digit number − up to 3-digit number, exchange required | Use equipment to enact the exchange of 1 hundred for 10 tens, and 1 ten for 10 ones. | Model the required exchange on a place value grid. 175 - 38 = ? I need to subtract 8 ones, so I will exchange a ten for 10 ones. H T O H T O H T O H T O KNNNN H T O KNNNN KNNNN KNNNN | Use column subtraction to work accurately and efficiently. $\frac{H T O}{1 \frac{6}{15} \frac{5}{5}}$ $-\frac{3 8}{\frac{1 3 7}{175 - 38 = 137}}$ If the subtraction is a 3-digit number subtract a 2-digit number, children should understand how the recording relates to the place value, and so how to line up the digits correctly. Children should also understand how to exchange in calculations where there is a zero in the 10s column. $\frac{H T O}{\frac{5 0 6}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8}{-\frac{3 2 8 8 8 8 8}{-\frac{3 2 8 8 8 8 8}{-\frac{3 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8}{-3 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 $ |

| Representing subtraction problems | | Use bar models to represent subtractions. 'Find the difference' is represented as two bars for comparison. Team A 454 Team B 128 ← ? Bar models can also be used to show that a part must be taken away from the whole. | Children use alternative representations to check calculations and choose efficient methods. Children use inverse operations to check additions and subtractions. The part-whole model supports understanding. <i>I have completed this subtraction.</i> 525 - 270 = 255 <i>I will check using addition.</i> 525 - 270 = 255 <i>I will check using addition.</i> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year 3 Multiplication | | | |
| Understanding equal grouping and repeated addition | Children continue to build understanding of equal groups and the relationship with repeated addition. They recognise both examples and non- examples using objects. | Children recognise that arrays demonstrate commutativity. | Children understand the link between repeated addition and multiplication. $ \begin{array}{c} +3 \\ +3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \\ -6 \\ -9 \\ -12 \\ -15 \\ -15 \\ -18 \\ -21 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ -24 \\ $ |



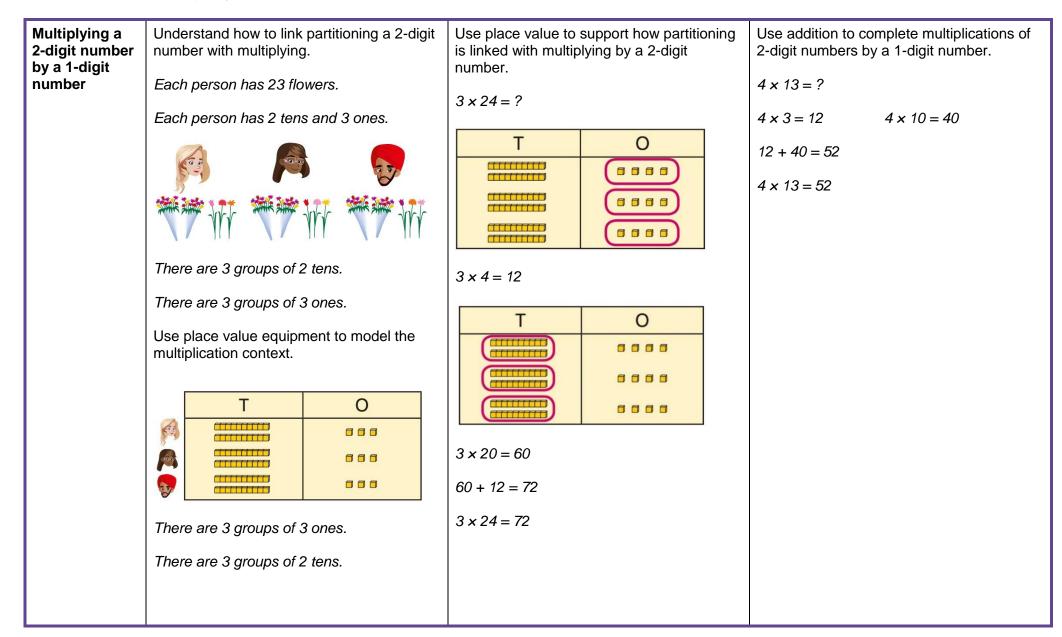
| | Children recognise that arrays can be used to model commutative multiplications. | | A bar model may represent multiplications as equal groups. 24 $4 4 4 4$ $6 \times 4 = 24$ |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Using commutativity to support understanding of the times- tables | Understand how to use times-tables facts flexibly. If the provided a set of the provided at | Understand how times-table facts relate to commutativity. $6 \times 4 = 24$ $4 \times 6 = 24$ | Understand how times-table facts relate to commutativity. I need to work out 4 groups of 7. I know that $7 \times 4 = 28$ so, I know that 4 groups of $7 = 28$ and 7 groups of $4 = 28$. |



| Understanding and using ×3, ×2, ×4 and ×8 tables. | Children learn the times-tables as 'groups of', but apply their knowledge of commutativity. Image: Children learn the times-tables as 'groups of', but apply their knowledge of commutativity. Image: Children learn the times-tables as 'groups of', but apply their knowledge of commutativity. Image: Children learn the times-tables as 'groups of', but apply their knowledge of commutativity. Image: Children learn the times-tables as 'groups of', but apply their knowledge of commutativity. Image: Children learn the times the times of | Children understand how the x2, x4 and x8 tables are related through repeated doubling. | Children understand the relationship between related multiplication and division facts in known times-tables. $2 \times 5 = 10$ $5 \times 2 = 10$ $10 \div 5 = 2$ $10 \div 2 = 5$ |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Using known facts to multiply 10s, for example 3 × 40 | Explore the relationship between known times-tables and multiples of 10 using place value equipment. <i>Make 4 groups of 3 ones.</i> <i>Make 4 groups of 3 tens.</i> <i>Make 4 groups of 3 tens.</i> | Understand how unitising 10s supports multiplying by multiples of 10. | Understand how to use known times-tables to multiply multiples of 10. $\begin{array}{r} +2 \\ +2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{r} +2 \\ +2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \\ \end{array}$ |
| | What is different? | 4 groups of 2 ones is 8 ones. 4 groups of 2 tens is 8 tens. 4 × 2 = 8 4 × 20 = 80 | $4 \times 20 = 80$ |

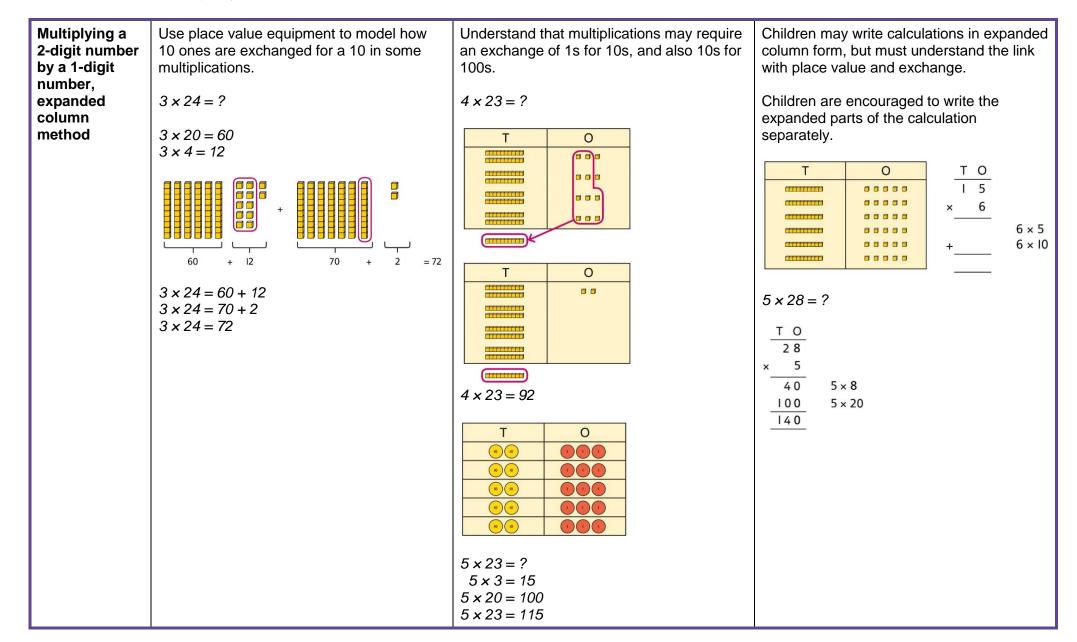
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| Year 3 Division | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Using times- tables knowledge to divide | Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions. 24 divided into groups of 8. There are 3 groups of 8. | Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions. Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions. $48 \div 4 = 12$ $48 \pm 4 = 12$ 48 divided into groups of 4. There are 12 groups. $4 \times 12 = 48$ $48 \div 4 = 12$ | Use knowledge of known times-tables to calculate divisions. I need to work out 30 shared between 5. I know that $6 \times 5 = 30$ so I know that $30 \div 5 = 6$. A bar model may represent the relationship between sharing and grouping. 24 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 |



| Understanding remainders | Use equipment to understand that a remainder occurs when a set of objects cannot be divided equally any further. | Use images to explain remainders. | Understand that the remainder is what cannot be shared equally from a set. $22 \div 5 = ?$ |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | There are 13 sticks in total. There are 3 groups of 4, with 1 remainder. | 22 ÷ 5 = 4 remainder 2 | 3 × 5 = 15 4 × 5 = 20 5 × 5 = 25 this is larger than 22 So, 22 ÷ 5 = 4 remainder 2 |
| Using known facts to divide multiples of 10 | Use place value equipment to understand how to divide by unitising. | Divide multiples of 10 by unitising. | Divide multiples of 10 by a single digit using known times-tables. |
| | Make 6 ones divided by 3. | | 180 ÷ 3 = ? 180 is 18 tens. |
| | Now make 6 tens divided by 3. | 12 tens shared into 3 equal groups. 4 tens in each group. | 18 divided by 3 is 6. 18 tens divided by 3 is 6 tens. |
| | | | 18 ÷ 3 = 6 180 ÷ 3 = 60 |
| | What is the same? What is different? | | |
| 2-digit number divided by 1-digit number, | Children explore dividing 2-digit numbers by using place value equipment. | Children explore which partitions support particular divisions. | Children partition a number into 10s and 1s to divide where appropriate. |
| no remainders | | | 68 60 8 |
| | 48 ÷ 2 = ? | | $60 \div 2 = 30 8 \div 2 = 4 30 + 4 = 34 68 \div 2 = 34$ |



| | First divide the 10s. | I need to partition 42 differently to divide by 3. 42 42 30 12 12 12 $42 = 30 + 12$ $42 \div 3 = 14$ | Children partition flexibly to divide where appropriate. $42 \div 3 = ?$ 42 = 40 + 2 <i>I need to partition 42 differently to divide</i> <i>by 3.</i> 42 = 30 + 12 $30 \div 3 = 10$ $12 \div 3 = 4$ 10 + 4 = 14 $42 \div 3 = 14$ |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2-digit number divided by 1-digit number, with remainders | Use place value equipment to understand the concept of remainder. Make 29 from place value equipment. Share it into 2 equal groups. There are two groups of 14 and 1 remainder. | Use place value equipment to understand the concept of remainder in division. $29 \div 2 = ?$ $29 \div 2 = 14$ remainder 1 | Partition to divide, understanding the remainder in context. 67 children try to make 5 equal lines. 67 = 50 + 17 $50 \div 5 = 10$ $17 \div 5 = 3$ remainder 2 $67 \div 5 = 13$ remainder 2 There are 13 children in each line and 2 children left out. |



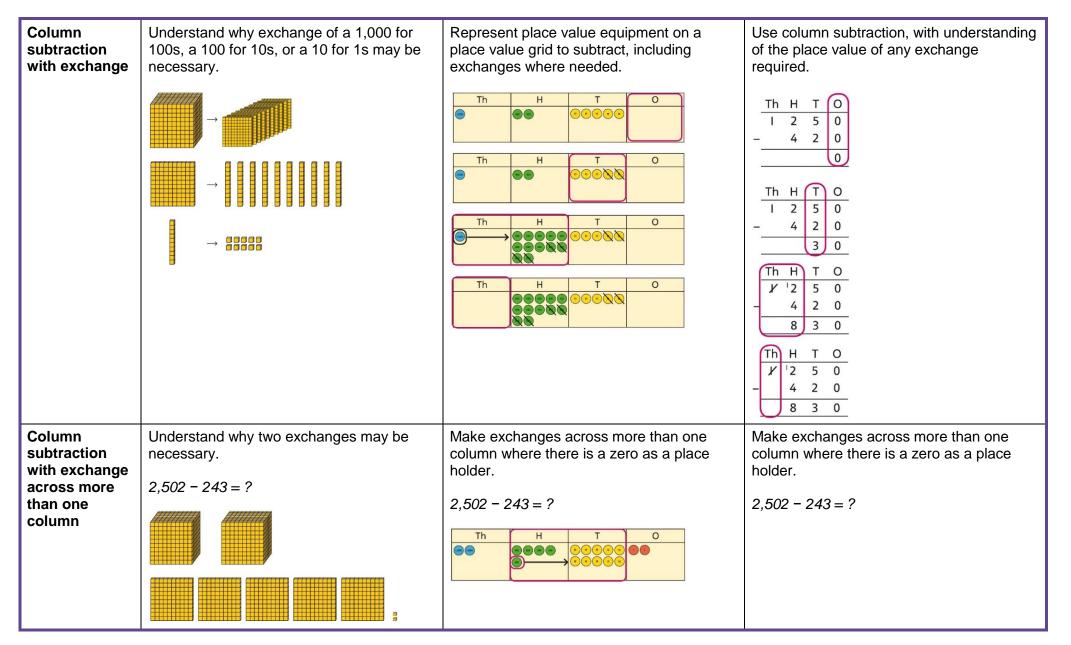
| | Year 4 | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Concrete | Pictorial | Abstract | | |
| Year 4 Addition | | | | | |
| Understanding numbers to 10,000 | Use place value equipment to understand the place value of 4-digit numbers. | Represent numbers using place value counters once children understand the relationship between 1,000s and 100s. (2,000 + 500 + 40 + 2 = 2,542 | Understand partitioning of 4-digit numbers, including numbers with digits of 0. $ \begin{array}{r} $ | | |
| Choosing mental methods where appropriate | Use unitising and known facts to support mental calculations. <i>Make 1,405 from place value equipment.</i> <i>Add 2,000.</i> <i>Now add the 1,000s.</i> <i>1 thousand + 2 thousands = 3 thousands</i> <i>1,405 + 2,000 = 3,405</i> | Use unitising and known facts to support mental calculations. Th H T O O O O O O O O O O O O O O | Use unitising and known facts to support mental calculations. 4,256 + 300 = ? 2 + 3 = 5 $200 + 300 = 5004,256 + 300 = 4,556$ | | |



| Column addition with exchange | Use place value equipment on a place value grid to organise thinking. | | value equi exchanges. | pment to n | nodel | Use a column method to add, including exchanges. |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| U | Ensure that children understand how the columns relate to place value and what to do if the numbers are not all 4-digit | Th | H | | | Th H T O I 5 5 4 |
| | numbers. | | 00 00 | 0 0 0 | | + 4 2 3 7 |
| | Use equipment.to show 1,905 + 775. | Th | н | | 0 | |
| | Th H T O | | | | 0 | Th H T O |
| | | L008 (1.009 L000 L000 | | | | I 5 5 4 + 4 2 3 7 |
| | | Th | н | Т | | |
| | Why have only three columns been used for the second row? Why is the Thousands box | | | | | |
| | empty? | (000) (000) (000) | 80 80 | (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) | | Th H T O |
| | Which columns will total 10 or more? | | | • | | 1 5 5 4 |
| | | Th | H | | 0 | + 4 2 3 7 7 9 I |
| | | 1000 1,000 1,000 | | 0 0 0 | | |
| | | Include ex than one o | amples tha column. | e at exchang | e in more | Th H T O I 5 5 4 + 4 2 3 7 5 7 9 I I |
| | | | | | | Include examples that exchange in more than one column. |

| Representing additions and checking strategies | | Bar models may be used to represent additions in problem contexts, and to justify mental methods where appropriate. $\frac{Th H T 0}{7 q q} + \frac{5 7 4}{1 3 7 3}$ | Use rounding and estimating on a number line to check the reasonableness of an addition. 1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year 4 Subtraction | | | |
| Choosing mental methods where appropriate | Use place value equipment to justify mental methods. | Use place value grids to support mental methods where appropriate. Th H T O Th H T O Th H T O Th O Th H T O Th O | Use knowledge of place value and unitising to subtract mentally where appropriate. 3,501 - 2,000 3 thousands - 2 thousands = 1 thousand 3,501 - 2,000 = 1,501 |







| | I need to exchange a 10 for some 1s, but there are not any 10s here. $\rightarrow \qquad \rightarrow \qquad$ | | $ \frac{\text{Th}}{2} \begin{array}{c} H \\ T \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $ |
|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Representing subtractions and checking strategies | | Use bar models to represent subtractions where a part needs to be calculated. Total 5,762 ? 2,899 Yes votes No votes <i>I can work out the total number of Yes votes</i> <i>using 5,762 – 2,899.</i> Bar models can also represent 'find the difference' as a subtraction problem. Danny 899 Luis 1,005 | Use inverse operations to check subtractions. <i>I calculated 1,225 – 799 = 574.</i> <i>I will check by adding the parts.</i> $ \begin{array}{r} \hline 1,225 \\ \hline 7qq \\ \hline 574 \\ \hline 1 & 3 & 7 & 3 \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} $ The parts do not add to make 1,225. <i>I must have made a mistake.</i> |

| Year 4 Multiplication | | | |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Multiplying by multiples of 10 and 100 | Use unitising and place value equipment to understand how to multiply by multiples of 1, 10 and 100. | Use unitising and place value equipment to understand how to multiply by multiples of 1, 10 and 100. | Use known facts and understanding of place value and commutativity to multiply mentally. |
| | 3 groups of 4 ones is 12 ones. 3 groups of 4 tens is 12 tens. 3 groups of 4 hundreds is 12 hundreds. | $3 \times 4 = 12$ $3 \times 40 = 120$ $3 \times 400 = 1,200$ | $4 \times 7 = 28$ $4 \times 70 = 280$ $40 \times 7 = 280$ $4 \times 700 = 2,800$ $400 \times 7 = 2,800$ |
| Understanding times-tables up to 12 × 12 | Understand the special cases of multiplying by 1 and 0. | Represent the relationship between the ×9 table and the ×10 table. | Understand how times-tables relate to counting patterns. Understand links between the |
| | | | ×3 table, ×6 table and ×9 table 5×6 is double 5×3 |
| | $5 \times 1 = 5 \qquad 5 \times 0 = 0$ | Represent the \times 11 table and \times 12 tables in relation to the \times 10 table. | ×5 table and ×6 table I know that 7 × 5 = 35 so I know that 7 × 6 = 35 + 7. |
| | | | ×5 table and ×7 table $3 \times 7 = 3 \times 5 + 3 \times 2$ $3 \times 5 = 3 \times 2$ |
| | | $2 \times 11 = 20 + 2$ $3 \times 11 = 30 + 3$ $4 \times 11 = 40 + 4$ | |
| | | $4 \times 12 = 40 + 8$ | x9 table and x10 table $6 \times 10 = 60$ $6 \times 9 = 60 - 6$ |



| Understanding and using partitioning in multiplication | Make multiplications by partitioning. 4×12 is 4 groups of 10 and 4 groups of 2. 6000000000000000000000000000000000000 | Understand how multiplication and partitioning are related through addition. Understand how multiplication and partitioning are related through addition. Understand how multiplication and $0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\$ | Use partitioning to multiply 2-digit numbers by a single digit. $18 \times 6 = ?$ $18 \times 6 = ?$ $18 \times 6 = ?$ $18 \times 6 = 10 \times 6 + 8 \times 6$ $= 60 + 48$ $= 108$ |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Column multiplication for 2- and 3-digit numbers multiplied by a single digit | Use place value equipment to make multiplications. <i>Make 4 × 136 using equipment.</i> <i>Make 4 × 136 using equipment.</i> <i>I can work out how many 1s, 10s and 100s.</i> <i>I can work out how many 1s, 10s and 100s.</i> <i>There are 4 × 6 ones</i> <i>There are 4 × 6 ones</i> <i>There are 4 × 3 tens</i> <i>There are 4 × 1 hundreds 4 hundreds</i> <i>24 + 120 + 400 = 544</i> | Use place value equipment alongside a column method for multiplication of up to 3-digit numbers by a single digit. | Use the formal column method for up to 3-digit numbers multiplied by a single digit. $\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$ |



| Multiplying more than two numbers | Represent situations by multiplying three numbers together. | Understand that commutativity can be used to multiply in different orders. 000000000000000000000000000000000000 | Use knowledge of factors to simplify some multiplications. $24 \times 5 = 12 \times 2 \times 5$ $12 \times 2 \times 5 =$ $12 \times 10 = 120$ So, $24 \times 5 = 120$ |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Year 4 Division | | | |
| Understanding the relationship between multiplication and division, including times-tables | Use objects to explore families of multiplication and division facts. | Represent divisions using an array. | Understand families of related multiplication and division facts. <i>I know that</i> $5 \times 7 = 35$ so <i>I know all these facts:</i> $5 \times 7 = 35$ $7 \times 5 = 35$ $35 = 5 \times 7$ $35 = 7 \times 5$ $35 \div 5 = 7$ $35 \div 7 = 5$ $7 = 35 \div 5$ $5 = 35 \div 7$ |



| Dividing multiples of 10 and 100 by a single digit | Use place value equipment to understand how to use unitising to divide. | Represent divisions using place value equipment. $q_{\pm 3} =$ $q_{\pm 3} =$ $q_{0 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{2 \pm 3} =$ $q_{1 \pm 3} =$ $q_{$ | Use known facts to divide 10s and 100s by a single digit. $15 \div 3 = 5$ $150 \div 3 = 50$ $1500 \div 3 = 500$ |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Dividing 2-digit and 3-digit numbers by a single digit by partitioning into 100s, 10s and 1s | Partition into 10s and 1s to divide where appropriate. $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \Rightarrow 30 + 9$ $30 \div 3 = 10$ $9 \div 3 = 3$ $39 \div 3 = 13$ | Partition into 100s, 10s and 1s using Base 10 equipment to divide where appropriate. $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \div 3 = ?$ $39 \Rightarrow 30 \pm 9$ $30 \div 3 = 10$ $9 \div 3 = 3$ $39 \div 3 = 13$ | Partition into 100s, 10s and 1s using a part- whole model to divide where appropriate. $142 \div 2 = ?$ $142 \div 2 = ?$ $100 \div 2 = 40 \div 2 = 6 \div 2 = 1$ $100 \div 2 = 50$ $40 \div 2 = 20$ $6 \div 2 = 3$ $50 + 20 + 3 = 73$ $142 \div 2 = 73$ |



